

FOREIGN-BORN WOMEN

Fatal occupational injuries to foreign-born women workers by selected characteristics, 1994-2000

Characteristics	Year						
	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
Total	40	40	53	43	37	52	36
Employee status							
Wage and salary workers ¹	30	28	40	32	29	48	19
Self-employed ²	10	12	13	11	8	-	17
Age							
20 to 24 years	-	-	-	-	-	6	-
25 to 34 years	16	13	15	12	11	14	7
35 to 44 years	10	7	14	14	5	14	10
45 to 54 years	10	10	17	12	9	12	8
55 to 64 years	-	-	-	-	-	-	7
Race or ethnic origin³							
White	8	7	18	7	7	11	-
Hispanic or Latino ⁴	12	17	19	19	17	22	15
Asian, Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander	18	14	12	15	10	15	15
Event or exposure							
Transportation incidents	13	7	10	7	12	21	8
Highway	7	-	6	-	6	13	-
Collision between vehicles, mobile equipment	-	-	-	-	-	9	-
Worker struck by vehicle, mobile equipment	-	-	-	-	-	5	-
Assaults and violent acts	23	25	37	27	16	25	24
Homicides	22	25	34	24	16	22	19
Shooting	20	20	22	18	11	17	13
Stabbing	-	-	7	-	-	-	-
Exposure to harmful substances or environments	-	-	-	-	5	-	-
Primary and secondary source							
Primary source⁵							
Vehicles	14	8	10	7	12	21	8
Highway vehicle, motorized	9	7	7	6	9	18	7
Automobile	-	-	5	-	6	7	-
Van--passenger or light delivery	-	-	-	-	-	9	-
Structures and surfaces	-	-	-	-	-	5	-
Floors, walkways, ground surfaces	-	-	-	-	-	5	-
Machinery	-	-	-	5	-	-	-
Tools, instruments, and equipment	-	-	7	-	5	-	-
Handtools--nonpowered	-	-	7	-	-	-	-
Cutting handtools	-	-	7	-	-	-	-
Knives	-	-	6	-	-	-	-
Other	22	23	29	21	14	21	16
Ammunition	20	20	23	18	11	18	13
Bullets	20	19	23	18	11	17	13
Secondary source⁶							
Vehicles	5	-	-	-	-	11	5
Highway vehicle, motorized	5	-	-	-	-	10	-

See footnotes at end of table.

FOREIGN-BORN WOMEN

Fatal occupational injuries to foreign-born women workers by selected characteristics, 1994-2000 — Continued

Characteristics	Year						
	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
Primary and secondary source - continued							
Secondary source⁶ - continued							
Truck	—	—	—	—	—	7	—
Persons, plants, animals, and minerals	22	23	34	23	16	25	17
Person--other than injured or ill worker	22	23	34	23	15	21	16
Robber	—	—	—	—	—	5	8
Not reported	8	12	11	13	13	8	11
Worker activity							
Vehicular and transportation operations	12	8	10	6	10	18	6
Driving, operating	6	5	—	—	7	7	—
Riding in, on	—	—	7	—	—	10	—
Constructing, repairing, cleaning	—	—	—	5	—	—	—
Physical activity⁷, n.e.c.	—	—	—	—	—	8	8
All other activities	25	24	34	24	20	23	19
Tending a retail establishment	18	15	25	16	11	13	12
Activity, n.e.c.	—	6	—	—	—	—	—
Location							
Street or highway	9	5	6	5	8	15	6
Local road or street	—	—	—	—	—	10	5
Industrial place or premise	—	—	—	9	—	7	—
Factory, plant	—	—	—	6	—	—	—
Other specified place⁸	—	—	5	—	—	5	5
Public building⁹	24	20	31	22	17	21	16
Convenience store	8	—	—	5	—	—	5
Restaurant, cafe	6	—	8	—	—	—	—
Shop, commercial, store, (except grocery)	6	6	15	7	5	6	5
Private residence¹⁰	—	6	7	—	—	—	—
Occupation							
Managerial and professional specialty	10	8	9	6	8	10	—
Executive, administrative, and managerial	8	5	6	5	—	6	—
Technical, sales, and administrative support	18	13	18	11	11	10	14
Sales occupations	14	9	17	7	8	7	10
Supervisors and proprietors, sales occupations	8	6	9	6	—	—	8
Sales workers, retail and personal services	—	—	8	—	—	—	—
Service occupations	9	13	17	11	7	11	6
Service occupations, except protective and household	7	9	12	9	5	11	6
Food preparation and service occupations	—	—	—	—	—	5	—
Personal service occupations	—	—	5	—	—	—	—
Farming, forestry, and fishing	—	—	—	—	—	8	—
Other agricultural and related occupations	—	—	—	—	—	7	—
Farm occupations, except managerial	—	—	—	—	—	5	—
Farm workers	—	—	—	—	—	5	—

See footnotes at end of table.

FOREIGN-BORN WOMEN

Fatal occupational injuries to foreign-born women workers by selected characteristics, 1994-2000 — Continued

Characteristics	Year						
	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
Occupation - continued							
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	—	—	7	11	—	10	6
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	—	—	—	5	—	5	—
Laborers, except construction	—	—	—	—	—	5	—
Industry							
Private industry	39	38	53	40	35	51	31
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	—	—	—	—	—	6	—
Manufacturing	—	—	—	—	—	6	—
Retail trade	20	14	22	13	9	14	12
Food stores	8	—	5	6	—	—	6
Grocery stores	6	—	5	5	—	—	6
Eating and drinking places	9	5	7	—	—	7	—
Eating places	9	—	6	—	—	6	—
Miscellaneous retail	—	—	6	—	—	—	—
Services	8	9	23	12	9	18	9
Health services	—	—	5	—	—	—	—
Government ¹¹	—	—	—	—	—	—	5

¹ May include volunteers and other workers receiving compensation.

² Includes paid and unpaid family workers, and may include owners of incorporated businesses, or members of partnerships.

³ The categories "White" and "Black or African American" do not include "Hispanic or Latino" persons.

⁴ Persons identified as Hispanic may be of any race.

⁵ The primary source of injury identifies the object, substance, or exposure that directly produced or inflicted the injury. For transportation incidents, the source identifies the vehicle in which the deceased was an occupant.

⁶ The secondary source of injury, if any, identifies the object, substance, or person that generated the source of injury or that contributed to the event or exposure. For vehicle collisions, the deceased's vehicle is the primary source and the other object (truck, road, divider, etc.) is the secondary source. For most homicides, the "bullet" is the primary source and the "perpetrator" is the secondary source. The category "Robber" is a newly instituted code beginning with 1997 data.

⁷ Includes the category "Bodily reaction and exertion."

⁸ Primarily includes outdoor areas such as bodies of water, woods, noncultivated fields, and parking lots.

⁹ Buildings and adjacent grounds used by the general public or a particular group, such as hotels, restaurants, stores, office buildings, courthouses, and schools.

¹⁰ Private residence fatalities primarily occurred to repair or maintenance workers, police while on duty, firefighters, or residential construction workers.

¹¹ Includes fatalities to workers employed by governmental organizations regardless of industry.

NOTE: Totals for major categories may include subcategories not shown separately.

Dashes indicate no data reported or data that do not meet publication criteria.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with State and Federal agencies, Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries