

TABLE B-8. Fatal occupational injuries in selected metropolitan areas by event or exposure, 1998

Metropolitan area ¹	Total fatalities (number)	Event or exposure ² (percent)					
		Transportation incidents	Assaults and violent acts	Contact with objects and equipment	Falls	Exposure to harmful substances or environments	Fires and explosions
Total U.S. ³	6,026	43.6	15.9	15.6	11.6	9.5	3.4
Atlanta, GA MSA	94	34.0	20.2	16.0	22.3	5.3	—
Boston-Worcester-Lawrence, MA-NH-ME-CT CMSA	42	26.2	14.3	28.6	21.4	9.5	—
Chicago-Gary-Kenosha, IL-IN-WI CMSA	146	32.9	25.3	15.1	15.1	9.6	2.1
Cincinnati-Hamilton, OH-KY-IN CMSA	20	35.0	—	25.0	30.0	—	—
Cleveland-Akron, OH CMSA	39	25.6	15.4	25.6	20.5	7.7	—
Dallas-Fort Worth, TX CMSA	113	32.7	15.0	15.9	13.3	19.5	3.5
Denver-Boulder-Greeley, CO CMSA	34	41.2	17.6	11.8	20.6	—	—
Detroit-Ann Arbor-Flint, MI CMSA	92	17.4	28.3	18.5	16.3	13.0	6.5
Houston-Galveston-Brazoria, TX CMSA	93	28.0	23.7	10.8	18.3	15.1	4.3
Los Angeles-Riverside-Orange County, CA CMSA	287	37.3	27.2	9.4	14.6	8.4	2.1
Miami-Fort Lauderdale, FL CMSA	92	29.3	31.5	9.8	18.5	7.6	—
Milwaukee-Racine, WI CMSA	22	31.8	31.8	27.3	—	—	—
New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island, NY-NJ-CT-PA CMSA	239	27.6	24.3	13.4	20.1	8.8	5.9
Philadelphia-Wilmington-Atlantic City, PA-NJ-DE-MD CMSA	80	40.0	20.0	12.5	13.8	11.2	—
Portland-Salem, OR-WA CMSA	27	37.0	11.1	33.3	11.1	—	—
Sacramento-Yolo, CA CMSA	26	38.5	19.2	—	26.9	15.4	—
San Diego, CA MSA	46	43.5	19.6	17.4	8.7	10.9	—
San Francisco-Oakland-San Jose, CA CMSA	88	27.3	33.0	8.0	15.9	13.6	—
Seattle-Tacoma-Bremerton, WA CMSA	36	38.9	13.9	13.9	22.2	11.1	—
St. Louis, MO-IL MSA	38	34.2	15.8	18.4	18.4	10.5	—
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, FL MSA	40	30.0	27.5	7.5	17.5	17.5	—
Washington-Baltimore, DC-MD-VA-WV CMSA	100	41.0	24.0	9.0	13.0	11.0	—

¹ Metropolitan areas used in this table are categorized into Metropolitan Statistical Areas (MSAs) and Consolidated Metropolitan Statistical Areas (CMSAs) and are based on definitions from the Office of Management and Budget Bulletin Number 93-17, June 30, 1993.

² Based on the 1992 BLS Occupational Injury and Illness Classification Manual.

³ Also includes fatalities occurring in nonmetropolitan areas.

shown separately. Percentages may not add to totals because of rounding.

Dashes indicate no data reported or data that do not meet publication criteria.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with State and Federal agencies, Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries

NOTE: Totals for major categories may include subcategories not